



THERAPEUTICS IN DERMATOLOGY

WWW.THERAPEUTICSINDERMATOLOGY.ORG

A REFERENCE TEXTBOOK IN DERMATOLOGY

ONLINE & FREE

FOR PROFESSIONALS & PATIENTS

QUALITY INFORMATION ON SKIN
DISEASES, TREATMENTS AND
MEDICAL DEVICES

An action by  **RENE TOURAINIE
FOUNDATION**

QUALITY INFORMATION ON SKIN DISEASES, TREATMENTS AND MEDICAL DEVICES

Over 25 200 registered healthcare professionals from 150 countries: dermatologists, general practitioners, other HCPs

HONcode certified – a guarantee for the quality of health information on the internet

2 types of access: a restricted access for HCPs and a dedicated one for patients and the general public

Over 320 chapters on diseases and over 70 on medical drugs and medical devices written by 390 authors

A RESTRICTED ACCESS FOR PROFESSIONALS & VERIFIED INFORMATION FOR PATIENTS AND THE GENERAL PUBLIC



A specific content for the general public

Updates to come thanks to the European Academy of Dermatology and Venereology - EADV:

- 85 articles in April 2019 -
- 135 articles in December 2019 -

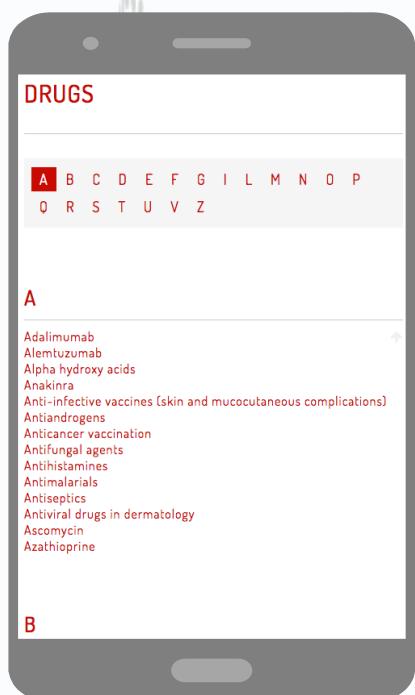


A restricted access for healthcare professionals

Chapters on skin diseases, treatments and medical devices written by key opinion leaders.

Free educational tool to help worldwide HCPs in their daily practice.

A MOBILE FRIENDLY WEBSITE



DISEASES | DRUGS | AUTHORS | WHO WE ARE | HELP US | CONTACT EN FR DE

**THERAPEUTICS
IN DERMATOLOGY**

A REFERENCE TEXTBOOK IN
DERMATOLOGY

HYPEREOSINOPHILIC SYNDROME

27 September 2018, by STAMONT-SALLÉ O. & DELAPORTE E. & LEFEVRE G.

SUMMARY

Hypereosinophilic syndrome

1 - WHAT IS THE EOSINOPHILIC SYNDROME?
2 - WHAT ARE THE SYMPTOMS?
3 - HOW IS THE DIAGNOSIS MADE?
4 - HOW TO TREAT THEM?

1 - WHAT IS THE EOSINOPHILIC SYNDROME?

Eosinophils are circulating blood cells which belong to the family of leucocytes (white blood cells). They are present in everyone at low levels ($< 0.5 \times 10^9/L$ of blood). The term moderate eosinophilia is used for levels of between 0.5 and $1.5 \times 10^9/L$ and a rise beyond $1.5 \times 10^9/L$ is defined as hypereosinophilia. Hypereosinophilia in blood and/or organs requires a methodological approach with investigations carried out according to the clinical history, clinical examination and laboratory assessment. Alongside allergic or drug-induced causes, which are the most common causes, hypereosinophilia is seen in various diseases (immune system disease, blood dyscrasias or cancers). When an exhaustive clinical enquiry remains negative, the assumption of hypereosinophilic syndrome (HES) must be considered. This is a rare disease which may affect men or women at any age.

2 - WHAT ARE THE SYMPTOMS?

When present in blood, eosinophils may or may not infiltrate all tissues and/or organs. It is reported that many patients may have chronic asymptomatic hypereosinophilia, i.e.,

Search on this website Q

HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONALS

FOLLOW US

Like J'aime 9.5 K

In Suivre 261

Twitter Follow @bookTD 218 followers

NEWSLETTER

Subscribe and receive our newsletter

Email OK

TOWARDS AN E-DERMATOLOGY PORTAL FOR AN INTERACTIVE NETWORK

The dermatological care strategies can vary greatly between practitioners, patients and countries.

We must share our experiences!

PENDING PARTNERSHIPS

Therapeutics in Dermatology is open to partnerships with all actors interested in training and educational therapy (learned societies, pharmaceutical industry, cosmetic industry etc.) to improve information on healthy skin and to develop videos on skin diseases & care

CONTRIBUTE TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS INTERACTIVE COMMUNITY!

EUROPEAN & FRENCH EDITORIAL BOARDS OF EXPERTS



French editorial board coordination



Pr. Sélim Aractingi



Dr. Antoine Petit



Pr. Nicolas Dupin

- Jean-Michel AMICI
- Annick BARBAUD
- Marie BEYLOT-BARRY
- Olivier DEREURE
- Alain DUPUY

- Eric ESTÈVE
- Jean KANITAKIS
- Christine LEAUTÉ LABRÈZE
- Laurent MORTIER
- Marie-Aleth RICHARD

EDITOR



Louis DUBERTRET

European editorial board coordination



Pr. Julien Lambert
(BE)



Pr. Laurent Misery
(FR)



Pr. Menno De Rie
(NL)

- Selim ARACTINGI (FR).
- Luca BORRADORI (CH),
- Menno DE RIE (NT),
- Véronique DEL MARMOL (BE),
- Alain DUPUY (FR),
- Paulo FILIPE (PT),
- Andrew FINLAY (UK),
- Ana-Maria FORSEA (RO),
- Carlo GELMETTI (IT),
- Margarida GONCALO (PT),
- Ramon GRIMALT (ES),
- Andreas KATSAMBAS (GR),
- Thomas KRIEG (DE),
- Antoine PETIT (FR),

- Frank POWELL (IR),
- Annamari RANKI (FI),
- Marie-Aleth RICHARD (FR),
- Johannes RING (DE),
- Alexander STRATIGOS (GR),
- Jacek SZEPIETOWSKI (PL),
- Gerhard TAPPEINER (AT),
- Antonio TORRELO (ES),
- Tiago TORRES (PT),
- Nikolai TSANKOV (BG),
- Erwin TSCHACHLER (AT),
- Slavomir URBANCEK (SK),
- Vesna TLAKER ZUNTER (SI).